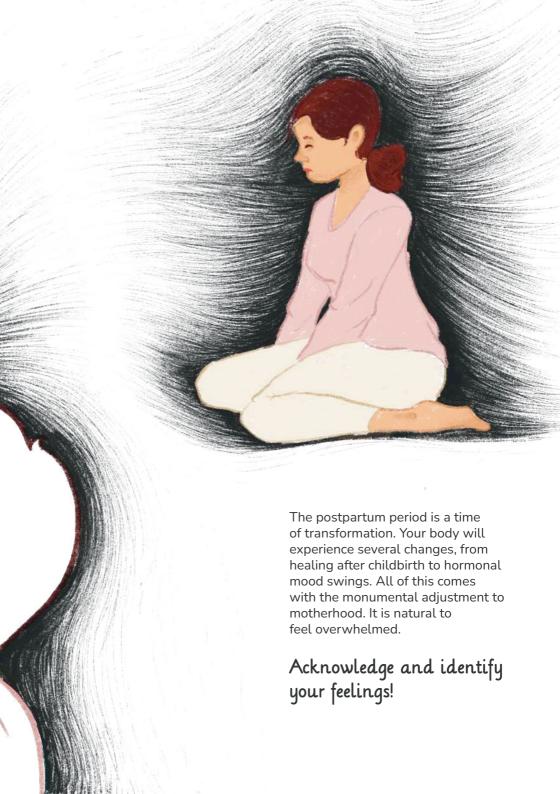


a postpartum mental health guide for **Expecting Moms** 





## Understanding The Spectrum



#### **Baby Blues:**

In the first few days after childbirth, it's common for new mothers to experience what's known as the "baby blues." You may experience mood swings, weepiness, and moments of sadness. Rest assured, it is a transient phase typically caused by hormonal changes and the sheer adjustment to motherhood. You are likely to feel better within one or two weeks.

## Postpartum Anxiety:

Sometimes, the worries that accompany parenthood can escalate into postpartum anxiety. If you find yourself constantly feeling on edge, experiencing racing thoughts, or struggling with excessive worrying about your baby's well-being, these could be signs of postpartum anxiety.



#### **Postpartum Depression:**

Postpartum depression is a more prolonged and intense emotional challenge, impacting not just your mood but also your ability to navigate daily life. If you feel persistent sadness, hopelessness, or a disconnect from your baby, it's crucial to seek help promptly.

#### Postpartum Psychosis:

While rare, postpartum psychosis is a serious condition that requires immediate attention. Characterized by hallucinations, delusions, and extreme mood swings, it's crucial to recognize the symptoms and seek urgent medical assistance. If you or someone you know experiences these symptoms, contact healthcare professionals immediately.

## The Bridge To Wellness

With these myriads of emotions, being informed is the first step towards a healthy and balanced experience. Be attentive to your feelings. Pay attention to drastic mood swings, persistent sadness, or heightened anxiety. Be aware of changes in appetite, sleep patterns, and energy levels. If you find vourself withdrawing from loved ones or losing interest in activities you once enjoyed, it is time to reach out. Intrusive or persistent negative thoughts about yourself or baby may be signs of underlying issues.

It is crucial to recognize and prioritize your emotional well-being.

## A step towards treatment:

#### Postpartum Blue:

Rest, self-care, and leaning on your support system is key. Simple lifestyle adjustments, adequate sleep, and open communication can often alleviate these transient emotions.

#### Postpartum Anxiety:

Connect with healthcare professionals to discuss your feelings openly. Therapy, support groups, and medication can be effective treatments. Seeking support from loved ones and delegating tasks can also contribute to a healthier mental state.

#### **Postpartum Depression:**

Reach out to healthcare providers promptly. Therapy, and in certain cases, medication can be invaluable tools in managing postpartum depression. Your support network plays a crucial role, so don't hesitate to share your feelings with loved ones.

## **Important Advice:**

While it's vital to be aware of these emotional states, self-diagnosis is not a substitute for professional evaluation. When you notice concerning signs, consult your healthcare provider.

They will provide a comprehensive assessment, guidance, and tailored plans for your well-being.

# The Journey Ahead







## **Share Your Story**

Talk to fellow mothers who have walked this path before. Sharing your experience can ease your fears. Let their stories comfort and guide you.





Establish a code word that signals the need for a 15-minute break. Use it when you need some space away from the baby to think or rest.



# Mindful Information Consumption

As an expectant mother, remember to filter the information you consume. Finding trusted sources of information is vital. An overwhelming amount of advice can make anybody nervous. Prioritize credible sources that empower you. Be gentle with yourself.

# You Have Got This!

You are stronger than you know, and you have got this! Nurturing your mental well-being is not a choice, it is a beautiful necessity. In the moments that may feel overwhelming, remember the strength within you.

Prioritizing your mental well-being isn't just an act of self-love; it is a gift to your precious little one.

A healthy mind is the cornerstone of a vibrant and joyful life for you and your baby!

As you embark on this incredible adventure, remember: Your spirit is the compass, and courage is the map. Chart your course with confidence, dear Mom!



# Glossary

Antidepressant medication: Medicine used to treat major depressive

symptoms and disorders, including

postpartum depression.

**Depression/ postpartum** 

depression:

A mood disorder which causes persistent feelings of sadness and loss of interest in daily activities and things you used to enjoy.

Postpartum depression is experienced following childbirth up to a year after the

baby is born.

Health care provider: A professional who provides preventive,

curative or rehabilitative health care services. Can be anyone who provides health care services including physicians, dentists, nurses,

social workers, therapists, etc.

**Postpartum:** The period after childbirth, from birth until

about 6 weeks after the baby is born.

**Psychotherapy:** Treatment of a mental health disorder, such

as postpartum depression, by talking with a therapist or counselor about problems

and feelings.

